UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	· ,			
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS	- · · ·	,	= :	ĊΈ

DERICK TYLER	7835 TITO 1 TO P 12: 08
Petitioner,	\$ 15.000 days 1
v. DAVID NOLAN)) Civil Action No. 04-12680-NMG)
Respondent.))

RESPONDENT'S MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF HIS MOTION TO DISMISS THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AS TIME-BARRED

The respondent, by and through his counsel, respectfully submits this memorandum of law in support of his motion to dismiss the petition for a writ of habeas corpus filed by the petitioner, Derick Tyler. The petition must be dismissed as time-barred under 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d), the statute of limitations for federal habeas corpus petitions. The petitioner's conviction became final on September 14, 1994. Because this was prior to April 24, 1996, the effective date of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act, the petitioner was required to file his federal habeas petition within a one-year grace period that expired on April 24, 1997. Moreover, the statute of limitations was not tolled at any point between April 24, 1996 and April 24, 1997. Since this habeas petition was not filed until December 5, 2004--over seven years too late--it must be dismissed as time-barred.

PRIOR PROCEEDINGS

On July 26, 1989, a Suffolk County grand jury indicted the petitioner for murder in the first degree in violation of G.L. c. 265, § 1. See Ex. A at 1, Docket Sheets, Commonwealth v.

Tyler, SUCR 1989-07996. After a jury trial before Massachusetts Superior Court Associate

Justice John J. Irwin, Jr., the jury returned a guilty verdict on April 24, 1990. *Id.* at 6. Justice

Irwin sentenced the petitioner to life in prison. *Id.* On April 27, 1990, the petitioner filed a

motion for a new trial in the Suffolk County Superior Court and also filed a notice of appeal. *Id.*On October 28, 1991, Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court ("SJC") Associate Justice John M.

Greaney stayed the direct appellate proceedings pending the petitioner's filing of a motion for a

new trial. *See* Ex. B at 1, Docket Sheets, *Commonwealth v. Tyler*, SJC-05641. The petitioner

filed a motion for a new trial in the SJC on December 2, 1991; this motion was remanded to the

trial court on December 20, 1991 by SJC Associate Justice Francis P. O'Connor. *Id.* at 1, 2. On

June 9, 1992, Justice Irwin denied the motion for a new trial. *See* Ex. A. at 8. The petitioner filed

a notice of appeal from the denial of his motion for a new trial on June 23, 1992, which was

consolidated with his direct appeal. *Id.* at 9. On June 16, 1994, the SJC affirmed the petitioner's

conviction and the denial of his motion for a new trial. *See* Ex. C, *Commonwealth v. Tyler*, 418

Mass. 143, 634 N.E.2d 912 (1994).

On June 24, 1999, the petitioner filed his second motion for a new trial in the Suffolk Superior Court, which was denied on June 26, 2001 by Massachusetts Superior Court Associate Justice Elizabeth B. Donovan. *See* Ex. A at 10, 11. The petitioner filed a motion to reconsider the denial on July 26, 2001, but that motion was denied on May 23, 2002. *Id.* at 11, 12. The petitioner then sought leave to appeal the denial of his motion for a new trial from the SJC. The SJC denied his leave to appeal on September 8, 2004. *Id.* at 12. The petitioner filed his third motion for new trial on December 27, 2004. *See* Ex. A. at 13. That motion is still pending in the Suffolk Superior Court.

On December 5, 2004, the petitioner filed the instant petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. The petition was stayed from December 29, 2004 until March 25. 2005 so that the petitioner could fully exhaust his claims in the courts of the Commonwealth. The respondent now files this memorandum of law in support of his motion to dismiss the petition as time-barred.

ARGUMENT

The Petition Must Be Dismissed as Time-Barred Under the Statute of A. Limitations for Federal Habeas Corpus Petitions.

The petition for a writ of habeas corpus must be dismissed under the statute of limitations enacted by Congress as part of the Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 ("AEDPA"), 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d). That provision, which is applicable to federal habeas corpus petitions filed by state prisoners, provides as follows:

- (1) A 1-year period of limitation shall apply to an application for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court. The limitation period shall run from the latest of –
 - (A) the date on which the judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of the time for seeking such review;
 - (B) the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was prevented from filing by such State action;
 - (C) the date on which the constitutional right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or
 - (D) the date on which the factual predicate of the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.

(2) The time during which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral review with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending shall not be counted toward any period of limitation under this subsection.

28 U.S.C. § 2244(d).

"While AEDPA's one-year limit runs from the time that the state court judgment of conviction became final, defendants convicted prior to AEDPA can file their petition within one-year of AEDPA's effective date." *Cordle v. Guarino*, 428 F.3d 46, 48 (1st Cir. 2005) (internal quotation and alterations omitted) (quoting *David v. Hall*, 318 F.3d 343, 344 (1st Cir. 2003)); *see also Gaskins v. Duval*, 183 F.3d 8, 9 (1st Cir. 1999). AEDPA became effective on April 24, 1996; therefore, the one-year grace period lasted until April 24, 1997.

The SJC affirmed the petitioner's conviction and the denial of his motion for a new trial on June 16, 1994, see Ex. C. Allowing ninety days for the time to file a petition for writ of certiorari in the United States Supreme Court, the petitioner's conviction became final on September 14, 1994. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1)(A); Voravongsa v. Wall, 349 F.3d 1, 2 (1st Cir. 2003) (state conviction is final at expiration of ninety-day period to file petition for certiorari with the United States Supreme Court). Therefore, the petitioner, as a petitioner whose conviction became final before AEDPA's effective date, had until April 24, 1997 to bring his habeas petition. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d); Cordle v. Guarino, 428 F.3d at 48. However, his petition was not filed until December 5, 2004, over seven years after the one-year grace period had expired. The petition therefore is time-barred under the statute of limitations for habeas petitions and must be dismissed. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d).

B. The Limitations Period Was Never Tolled.

To the extent that the petitioner seeks to rely on the tolling provision set forth in

§ 2244(d)(2), his reliance is misplaced. That section tolls the statute of limitations "during [the time] which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral review with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending. ..." 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(2). This tolling provision applies to the one-year grace period for petitioners whose convictions became final before AEDPA's effective date. *See Gaskins v. Duval*, 183 F.3d at 10. However, "Section 2244(d)(2) only stops, but does not reset, the [AEDPA] clock from ticking and cannot revive a time period that has already expired." *Cordell v. Guarino*, 428 F.3d at 48 n.4 (alteration in original) (quoting *Dunker v. Bissonnette*, 154 F. Supp. 2d 95, 103 (D. Mass. 2001)). Thus, the petitioner had to file his state court motion during the one-year grace period in order to benefit from § 2244(d)(2) tolling. *Id.* The petitioner filed his motion for a new trial in the Superior Court on June 24, 1999, more than two years *after* the grace period ended and therefore is not entitled to tolling under § 2244(d)(2). *Id.; see also, e.g., Delaney v. Matesanz*, 264 F.3d 7, 11 (1st Cir. 2001) (AEDPA's limitations period not tolled by new trial motion because, by the time it was filed, the one-year period had already expired).

Moreover, there is no basis for equitable tolling in this case. Although the one-year limitations period in § 2244(d)(1) may be equitably tolled, "equitable tolling...is the exception rather than the rule; resort to its prophylaxis is deemed justified only in extraordinary circumstances." *Cordle v. Guarino*, 428 F.3d at 48 (quoting *Delaney v. Matesanz*, 264 F.3d at 14). The circumstances must not only be extraordinary but must also be beyond the petitioner's control. *Neverson v. Farquharson*, 366 F.3d 32, 42 (1st Cir. 2004). A petitioner's lack of knowledge of the law or the filing deadline does not constitute extraordinary circumstances justifying equitable tolling. *Cordle v. Guarino*, 428 F.3d at 49. Nor does an error by counsel "in calculating the time limits or advising a petitioner of the appropriate filing deadlines." *Id.* at 48.

Nor does the fact that he is a *pro se* petitioner, *see Voravongsa v. Wall*, 349 F.3d at 8, or that he "has not previously had federal review of [his] state convictions," *Cordle v. Guarino*, 428 F.3d at 49. Equitable tolling "is not available to rescue a litigant from his own lack of due diligence." *Neverson v. Farquharson*, 366 F.3d at 42. The petitioner took no action regarding his conviction until June 24, 1999, which was almost five years after his conviction became final and more than two years after the statute of limitations had expired. *See* Ex. A. at 10. Thus, the petitioner was not diligent in pursuing his rights and equitable tolling is unavailable. *See Cordle v. Guarino*, 428 F.3d at 49.

Since the petitioner's habeas petition was filed after the statute of limitations had expired and there is no grounds for tolling the statute, his petition must be dismissed as time-barred.

Conclusion

For the reasons set forth above, the petition for a writ of habeas corpus should be dismissed with prejudice.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS F. REILLY ATTORNEY GENERAL

Gregory W. Reilly Legal Intern On the Memorandum Jonathan Ofilos

Assistant Attorney General

Criminal Bureau

Óne Ashburton Place

Boston, Massachusetts 02108

(617) 727-2200, ext. 2634

BBO # 658091

Dated: December 14, 2005

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true copy of the above document was served upon the petitioner, Derick Tyler, on December 14, 2005, by depositing the copy in the office depository for collection and delivery by first-class mail, postage pre-paid, to him as follows: Derick Tyler, pro se, MCI Souza-Baranowski Correctional Facility, P.O. Box 8000, Shirley, Massachusetts 01464.

Jonathan Ofilos

Assistant Attorney General

EXHIBIT A

		С	ase	1:04	-cv-	1268	0-NI	ИG	Do	cume	ent 1	3	Filed	12/1	5/2005	Page	9 of 28
ا او												, N :	<u>. </u>	Paper No.		Offense Murder	Com
			July 27, 1989		. *								July 26, 1989	Date of Filing		In The First Degree	Commonwealth vs.
	Pleads not	Order of	Defendant	services	be entered	Copy of i	Chief Jus	Copy of h	Warrant i	Mathers, J	allowed.	Motion of	Indictment	(079996,08	ш	Ф Ф	Derrick I
(OVER)	ot guilty.	notice read - indictment read -	brought into Court.	on defendent in Common Jail. (gb)	forthwith on docket of this Court sent by Clerk to Sheriff for	ndictment with notice of finding of indictment and that if would	tice and Attorney General.	ndictment and notice of the finding of indictment sent to the	ssued.			the Commonwealth for warrant of arrest to issue, filed and	returned.	80162)		Attorney M.Collora, 7-27-89 E.Horwich	Tyler No. 079996

Exhibit A. 1

	Case 1:	04-cv-12		IMG .4.	O	ocun	nent	13	Fil	ed 1	2/15 Aug	/200)5 	Pag	e 10	of 28	July	Paper No.
	:			:	t. 2, 1989						g. 15, 1989						ly 27, 1989	Date of Filing
(CONTINUED)	Motion for Bill of Particulars; Motion to Sever. (jv)	Motion for Disclosure of identification procedure; Motion for Disclosure of exculpatory evidence;	on for E	Motion for Criminal Records of prospective witnesses for the Commonwealth;		M. Collora, Attorney for Defendant. (tms)	G. Wilson, AC/M - P. Broker, ADA - D. McLean, Court Reporter -	for hearing re motion.	Continued to October 17, 1989 by agreement	Pre-trial conference report, filed.	Defendant not in Court.	M. Collora, Attorney for Defendant. (tms)	G. Wilson, AC/M - P. Broker, ADA - D. McLean, Court Reporter -	Mittimus issued.	Pre-trial conference report to be filed by August 15, 1989.	without prejudice.	Defendant committed to jail on mittimus without bail,	

Exhibit A. 2

	Case	e 1:0)4-ev-	12(4 - 086	₩G	—— D	locur	nent	:13	Fi	led-1	2/15	/2 00	5	Page	11	of 28	Paper
									Q,	(J)	14	<u>1</u> ω	12	<u>⊢</u> ,	10				per No.
		Dec. 14, 1989			Dec. 11, 1989													Oct17,1989	Date of Filing
Irwin, J.) ADA - D. McJean, Court Reporter	Continued to February 6, 1990 for hearing re: trial date	Defendant not in Court.	Wilson, AC/M · P. Broker, ADA -	Continued to December 14, 1989 for status.	Defendant not in Court.	M. Collara, Attorney for defendant. (jv)	Volterra, J P. Broker, ADA - Electronic Recording Device -	Continued to December 11, 1989 for Status.	Motion for Prior Bad Acts of defendant each filed and allowed as endorsed.	Defendant's Motion for Results of Scientific Tests and	Motion for Preservation of original tape recordings each filed and allowed;	Motion for defendant's prior Criminal Records and	Motion for defendant's statements;	Motion to File late;	Defendant's request for approval of payment;	Paper #5 allowed as endorsed. Paper #6 withdraw without prejudice.	Papers #4,7 and 8 allowed;	Defendant not in Court.	-2- No. 079996

Paper No.	Date of Filing	
The second secon	Feb. 6, 1990	Defendant not in Court.
f 28		Continued by order of Court to April 3, 1990 re: trial.
12 of		G. Wilson,AC/M - P. Broker, ADA - D. McLean; Court Reporter
age		M. Collera, Attorney for defendant
P	できる。 12、 10000	Defendent not in court - continued to April 10. 1990 for trial.
2005		G. Wilson, AC/M- P. Broker, ADA- D. Jacques, Court Reporter.
2/15/. : - : -	Mar. 22. 1990	Defendant files: Motion to file late.
ed 12 ੋਂ	Apr. 4. 1990	Defendant files: Notice of Alibi.
File	Apr. 17, 1990	Brought into Court.
13		Defendant's motion to sever indictments allowed.
nent		Defendant's motion in limine filed.
ocur		And after hearing continued for further hearing.
D		Continued one day for trial.
NMG 20		Motion in limine to suppress identifications filed.
80- N		Motion for non-suggestive identification procedure filed.
/-126		Irvin. J P. Broker. ADA- N. King. Court Reporter-
04-cv		M. Collora, attorney for defendant.
e 1:(Apr. 18. 1990	Brought into Court.
Cas		Commonwealth files: Bill of particulars.
N :u		Defendant files: Pro se motion to dismiss appointed attorney and to
		nev attorney. After hearing denied.
	11	Commonwealth moves for trial. Court, Jrvin, J. orders (14) jurors impanelled (CONTINUED)

Paper No.	Date of Filing	- 11
of 28	Apr. 18. 1990	for trial of indictment #079996. View taken, jury sworn.
13 c		Continued one day affor Commonwealth's case in chief.
'age		Irwin. J P. Broker. ADA- N. King. Court Reporter-
5 F		M. Collora. attorney for defendant. (rp)
2005	Apr. 19, 1990	Brought into Court.
2/15/		Pefendant's motion for non-suggestive identification allowed.
ed 1		nwealth comm
		Voir dire hearing remon-suggestive identification.
13		Trial continues.
ment		Irvin. J N. King, Court Reporter. (rp)
ocur	Apr. 20. 1990	Brought into Court.
D		Court orders that summons issue for a Witness Derek Young. Summons with
NMG		return of service filed.
1-086	and the second s	Trial continues with Commonwealth case.
<u>/-126</u>		Commonwealth rests.
04-c\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		Defendant's motion for required finding of not Guilty filed and denied.
se 1:	o del miser in spor con el miser i del mis	Irwin, J N. King, Court Reporter. (rp)
Cas	Apr. 23. 1990	Brought into Court. Defendant rests.
	on the second	Court appoints juror William Wong as foreperson.
	T.L. Estanta	Upon final submission of this case to the jury and the (14) jurors being
.enz	110 J.	present. Court orders fury reduced to (12) deliberating mambors and the

ယ		2	Cas ∾	e 1:0 ∾)4-cv	-126	N-08	IMG	D	ocur	nent	13	File	ed 12 ກ	2/15/	2005	5 F	Page	14 o	f 28		Paper	
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					Apr. 27. 1990												Apr. 24, 1990				Apr. 23, 1990	Date of Filing	
Notice of Appeal filed.	(Irwin, J. notified with copies)	Motion to withdraw.	Motion for transcript.	Motion for a new trial.	Defendant files:	M. Collora, attorney for defendant.	Irwin. J.+ P. Broker, ADA- N. King. Court Reporter-	Mittimus Issued.	Victim/Witness fee of \$50.00 imposed.	Defendant deemed to have served 28^{4} days avaiting disposition.	Defendant notified of right to appeal to the Appellate Division.	M.C.I Cedar Junction - Life.	Commonwealth moves for sentencing.	Verdict slip filed.	Verdict affirmed.	Verdict Guilty.	Brought into Court. Jury continues deliberation.	Irwin. J M. King. Court Reporter.	Deliberation to continue one day.	and designated as alternates.	names of juror Therese Dukeshire and juror Robert Fazzari were drawn	Exhibit A. 6	
(d1)						(dJ)												(dl)					

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Feb. 22, 1991	Oct. 15, 1990	Oct. 1, 1990 Oct. 15, 1990				Aug. 24, 1990		July 10,1990		June 20, 1990		* May 21, 1990	٠	*See later inter June 7, 1990				May 7, 1990	Date of Filing
Defendant Pro Se: Motion for New Counsel filed alls afformed:	ice sent to C.P.C.S. Re: Trancripts.	Notice sent to attorneys that trancripts are available. Certificate of delivery of transcript by Clerk, filed.	Court appointes Committee for Public Counsel to represent defendant.	allowed. Motion of defendant's counsel to withdraw (#29), allowed.	defendant's motion for new trial. Defendant's motion for transcript (#28),	After hearing before Irwin, J., sitting in Barnstable, no action taken on	Reporter.	One original trancript of evidence delivered to Clerk by D. McLean, Court	Reporter.	one original transcript of evidence delivered to Clerk by N. King, Court	Court Reporter.	One original transcript of evidence delivered to Clerk by N. King,	accordance with M.G.L. Chapter 158B, Secion 8.	vening entry: Assessment in the amount of \$50. paid to victim/witness assistance fund in	<u> </u>	transcripts.	Letter sent to Court Reporters D.McLean and N.King for preparation of the	Copy of notice of appeal mailed to Irwin, J and P.Broker, ADA	-4- No. 079996

Mar C		
30, 1991		
Certified copy from Supreme Judicial Court Council Court allowed. Order filed and "Motion to remand to the Trial Court allowed. (P. Broker, ADA and E. Horwich, attorney each notified.) (rp)	ght into Court. ing re: Motion to	ht into Court. ng re: Motion to supplement the ng on defendant's motion for new allows Counsel to file addition , J P. Broker, ADA- N. King, C rwich, attorney for defendant. avit of attorney Michael Collora

No.

079996

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Paper No.	Date of Filing		
	May 26, 1993	Clerk of Appellate Court.	
of 28		(P. Broker, ADA, K. McMahon, ADA, E. Horwich, attorney for defendant) (rp)	
18 o	July 18, 1994	Rescript received from "The Supreme Judicial Court" Judgement Affirmed.	
age		Order denying motion for a new trial affirmed, filed.	
P		(E. Horwich, attorney and P. Broker, ADA each notified) (rp)	
2005 -£	DEC. 16, 1994	Deft Files Pro Se: Motion for discovery to support his post conviction moton.	
2/15/2 \$6	June 24, 1999	Deft files pro se: Motion for new trial affidavit and memorandum of law in support of.	
d 12	mana da	(Donovan, RAJ notified with copy)	
File	August 21, 2000	Defendant files Pro Se Motion to Expedite Proceedings. (Denovan, J notified $w/copy$ of motion a updated docket sheets.	nd
13 48	August 30, 2000	Defendant files Motion for Extra fees and costs (Donovan, J notified 10/26/00) (Spurlock, RAJ	
nent		notified with copies of Papers $\#46$, 47 and 48 along with updated docket sheets)	aw
cun	November 13, 2000	Case assigned to Justice Donovan. Spurlock, RAJ	(dw)
D 49	November 29, 2000	Order requiring Commonwealth to file opposition to defendant's motion for new trial within	
MG		notified 11/29/00)	(dw)
80-N	December 12, 2000	P#48 denied as endorsed. Donovan, J (sent 12/19/00)	(dw)
- 126 8	January 16, 2001	Defendant files pro se: motion to waive DNA assessment fee of \$110.00 - affidavit in support	
4-cv-		thereof. (Donovan, J notified w/copy 1/23/01)	(dw)
e 1:0	February 5, 2001	Copy of P#10 endorsed on $1/26/01$ "deft must file a copy of his canteen account for the past	O O
Case		year before I sahll rule on the motion." Donovan, J. (deft pro se notified)	(dw)
	February 5, 2001	Deft files pro se: motion to expedite ruling on motion for new trial. (Donovan, J notified	
		w/copy)	(dw)

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Jan. 3, 2002	July 26, 2001	April 30, 2001 July 26, 2001	June 26, 2001	May 25, 2001	Apr. 12, 2001		March 27, 2001	March 27, 2001	March 12, 2001	Date of Filing	de l'annua de destructues de l'annua de l'an		ommonwealth vs
the defendant's motion for new trial, with affidavit.(Donovan, J and P. F with copies of P#56 and #57 on 8/14/01) Order requesting Commonwealth reposnse to defendant's post-conviction mot Donovan, J. (J. Sullivan, ADA notified with copies by hand this date)		Commonwealth files: opposition to defendant's motion for new trial.** Defendant files pro se: Motion for ruling on motion for leave to amend mo	Memorandum of Decision and Order Denying defendant's motion for a new trial, (Defendant & Peter Flaherty, notified $w/copy\ 7/10/01$.)	Defendant files: motion to withdraw complaint of DNA Assessment fee.	Copy of Paper No. 50 endorsed on April 10, 2001 allowed, Donovan, J.	(Donovan, J. & R. Martin, DA notified 4/5/01)	Defendant files pro-se: motion for leave to amend new trial motion.	Defendant files pro-se: amended motion for new trial.	Defendant files pro-se: copy of his canteen account.			Attorney	-6
Donovan, J and P. Flaherty, ADA notified (ap) post-conviction motions (P#56&57) filed. hand this date) (rp)	(ap) decision and order on	al.** (ts) amend motion for new trial	al, filed. (ts)	(ts)	(kh)		(ts)	(ts)	(ts)				NO. 079996

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							70		69	68	67	66	65		Paper No.
					June, 28 2005		January 25, 2005							Dec. 27, 2004	Date of Filing
	restraint. Donovan J (NAC sent, defendant notified) (ews)	(re: P68+69) Motion for an evidentiary hearing on motion for release from unlawful	is allowed. Case is referred to CPCS for review. The cout takes no action at this time	to proceed in forma Paupeis (P $\#66$) is allowed. Defendant's motion to appoint counsel (P $\#67$)	Defendant's motion to waive filing fees and court costs (P#65) is allowed. Defendant's motion	for new trial and for appointment of counsel, filed. (Donovan, J. notified $w/copies[1/31/05)$	(Donovan, J. notified with copies and dockets) Commonwealth's notice of appearance and statement of opposition to defendant's motion	and hearings and memorandum in support of and affidavits in support of.	Motion for release from unlawful restraint, for new trial, for post-trial, discovery	Motion for an evidentiary hearing;	Motion to Appoint Counsel;	Motion to Proceed in Forma Pauperis and affidavit in support of;	Motion to waive filing fees and Court Costs;	Defendant files Prose:	-7- No.079996

EXHIBIT B

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT for the Commonwealth

Case Docket

COMMONWEALTH vs. DERRICK TYLER

SJC-05641

		Н			

Decided (Full Opinion) **Case Status** 06/16/1994 Status Date **Nature** Murder1 appeal 05/13/1991 **Entry Date Appellant** Defendant Case Type Criminal **Brief Status Brief Due**

Wilkins, C.J., Nolan, Lynch, Greaney, JJ. Quorum

05/05/1994 **Argued Date Decision Date** 06/16/1994

AC/SJ Number Citation 418 Mass. 143

DAR/FAR Number Lower Ct Number

Suffolk Superior Court **Lower Court** Lower Ct Judge John J. Irwin, Jr., J.

Route to SJC Direct Entry: Murder 1

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Exhibits: Trial Court list.

Transcripts received: 6 vols., 2 sets.

Exhibit(s) logged: Rec'd. paper Exhs. 1 -12 and Exh 13 sweater/ Exh 14 T-Shirt (both in plastic bag) To Author.

INVOLVED PARTY

ATTORNEY APPEARANCE

Commonwealth

Paul B. Linn, A.D.A. Plaintiff/Appellee Katherine E. McMahon, A.D.A.

Red brief filed 15 Main Br.

4 Extensions, 111 Days

Derrick Tyler

Defendant/Appellant Blue brief & appendix filed

15 Main Br., 15 App.

4 Extensions, 847 Days

Esther J. Horwich, Esquire

DOCKET ENTRIES

1			
Entry Date	Paper	Entry Text	•
05/13/1991	#1	Entered.	
06/18/1991	#2	MOTION to extend to 8/19/91 filling of brief for Derrick Tyler by Atty Esther J. Horwich.	;
06/18/1991		ORDER: Motion P#2 allowed. Notice to counsel.	:
08/14/1991	#3	MOTION to extend to 10/31/91 filing of brief for Derrick Tyler by Atty Esther J. Horwich.	· •
08/14/1991		ORDER: Motion P#3 allowed. Notice to counsel.	1
10/28/1991	#4 ,	MOTION for stay of appeal, filed for Derrick Tyler (pending filing of a motion for new trial by Nov. 31.	
10/28/1991		ORDER to stay proceedings pending filing of a motion for new trial by Nov. 31; counsel are directed to report every 90 days by letter as to the status of the motion for new trial (Greaney, J., 11-12-91). Notice to counsel.	
12/02/1991	#5	MOTION for new trial, filed for Derrick Tyler by Esther Horwich.	•

12/05/1991		ORDER OF REFERENCE of motion P#5 to single justice for determination. (By the Court)
12/19/1991	#7	MOTION of Derrick Tyler to supplement the record on appeal.
12/19/1991	#8	MOTION of defendant to remand to the trial court the Motion for New supplement, filed by Derrick Tyler.
12/20/1991	#9	ORDER OF REFERENCE of motion P#8 to single justice for determination. (By the Court)
12/20/1991	#10	ORDER: Motion P#9 allowed; Motion for New Trial and Motion to Expand the Record remanded to trial court (O'Connor, J.).
04/29/1992	#11	STATUS LETTER from Atty. Horwich: "Mr. Tyler's Motion for New Trial has been taken under advisement by Judge Irwin and the matter remains pending in the trial court."
07/24/1992	#12	Status letter from Atty. Horwich: Defendant Tyler's motion for new trial was denied by Judge Irwin on 6/9/92; we are still awaiting a determination on the motion to supplement the record.
10/19/1992	#13	Status letter from Atty. Horwich: Defendant's motion to supplement the record was denied in Suffolk Superior Court; a notice of appeal has been filed, and transcripts have been ordered; defense counsel will move to consolidate the denial of the post-trial motions with the appeal on the conviction.
01/20/1993	#14	Status letter from Atty. Horwich:defendant continues to wait for the appeal from the denial of his Motion for New Trial to be docketed. Once the appeal has been docketed, it is his intention to move to consolidate that case with the present appeal.
04/21/1993	#15	Status letter from Esther J. Horwich, Esquire: The defendant continues to wait for the appeal from the denial of his Motion for New Trial to be docketed; once docketed, it is his intention to consolidate that appeal with the present appeal.
05/26/1993	#16	APPEAL ON DENIAL OF MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL. Brief/Appendix for defendant/appellant due 7/6/93; Brief for appellee due 8/5/93. Notice to counsel.
07/02/1993	#17	MOTION to extend to 09/20/93 filing of brief of Defendant/Appellant Derrick Tyler by Esther J. Horwich, Esquire. ALLOWED. Notice to counsel.
09/17/1993	#18	MOTION to extend to 10/18/93 filing of brief of Defendant/Appellant Derrick Tyler by Esther J. Horwich, Esquire. ALLOWED. Notice to counsel.
10/18/1993	#18.5	MOTION to exceed page limit, filed for Derrick Tyler by Esther J. Horwich, Esquire. ALLOWED.
10/18/1993	#19	SERVICE of brief & appendix for Defendant/Appellant Derrick Tyler by Esther J. Horwich, Esquire.
11/03/1993	#20	MOTION to extend to 01/04/94 filing of brief of Plaintiff/Appellee Commonwealth by Paul B. Linn, A.D.A ALLOWED. Notice to counsel.
12/28/1993	#21	MOTION to extend to 02/04/94 filing of brief of Plaintiff/Appellee Commonwealth by Paul B. Linn, A.D.A. ALLOWED. Notice to counsel.
01/26/1994	#22	MOTION to extend to 03/04/94 filing of brief of Plaintiff/Appellee Commonwealth by Paul B. Linn, A.D.A., Katherine E. McMahon, A.D.A. ALLOWED - No further extensions; this case is scheduled for argument in May. Notice to counsel.
03/09/1994	#23	MOTION to extend to 03/08/94 filing of brief of Plaintiff/Appellee Commonwealth by Paul B. Linn, A.D.A. ALLOWED.
03/08/1994	#24	SERVICE of brief for Plaintiff/Appellee Commonwealth by Paul B. Linn, A.D.A.
05/05/1994		Oral argument held. (W N LY G).
06/16/1994	#25	RESCRIPT (Full Opinion): Judgment affirmed. Order denying motion for a new trial affirmed. Reasons as on file. Notice to counsel.

As of 08/18/2005 13:15

EXHIBIT C

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*912 634 N.E.2d 912

418 Mass. 143

Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts, Suffolk.

COMMONWEALTH

ν.

Derrick TYLER.

Argued May 5, 1994.

Decided June 16, 1994.

Defendant was convicted in the Superior Court Department, John J. Irwin, Jr., J., of first-degree murder, and he appealed. The Supreme Judicial Court, Nolan, J., held that: (1) in-court and photographic identifications of defendant were not suggestive, and (2) trial counsel's closing argument concerning testimony of prosecution's witness was not ineffective.

Affirmed.

West Headnotes

[1] Criminal Law \$\iiin\$ 339.7(3)

110 ----

110XVII Evidence

110XVII(D) Facts in Issue and Relevance

110k339.5 Identity of Accused

110k339.7 Photographs and Drawings

Manner of 110k339.7(3) Exhibition;

Suggestiveness.

Photographic identification of murder defendant was not suggestive where witness recognized defendant from array in photograph book at police station shortly after day of murder, without attention being directed to defendant's photograph, and witness knew defendant for a year, saw defendant on day of murder and drove him to area of attack.

Criminal Law \$\sim 339.9(1)

110 ----

110XVII Evidence

110XVII(D) Facts in Issue and Relevance

110k339.5 Identity of Accused

110k339.9 In-Court Identification in General

110k339.9(1) In General.

Courtroom identification of murder defendant was untainted where, during voir dire, identification

witnesses picked defendant, who was black male, out from among several spectators, including several black males.

[3] Criminal Law @==641.13(2.1)

110 ----

110XX Trial

110XX(B) Course and Conduct of Trial in General

110k641 Counsel for Accused

110k641.13 Adequacy of Representation

110k641.13(2) Particular Cases and Problems

110k641.13(2.1) In General.

Trial counsel's closing argument in murder trial concerning testimony of prosecution's witness was not ineffective where trial counsel tried to discredit witness, pointing to weaknesses in his testimony, and to his criminal record, drug use, and favorable treatment by police.

[4] Criminal Law @==641.13(2.1)

110 ----

110XX Trial

110XX(B) Course and Conduct of Trial in General

110k641 Counsel for Accused

110k641.13 Adequacy of Representation

110k641.13(2) Particular Cases and Problems

110k641.13(2.1) In General.

Trial counsel in murder case was not ineffective in failing to request self-defense instruction where evidence did not suggest even hint of that defense.

[5] Homicide ©= 1207

203 ----

2031X Evidence

203IX(G) Weight and Sufficiency

203k1207 Parties to Offense.

(Formerly 203k234(3))

Jury's finding of joint venture was warranted where evidence unequivocally pointed to fact that murder defendant was leader of gang that murdered victim.

*913 Esther J. Horwich, Boston (Steven J. Brooks with her), for defendant.

Paul B. Linn, Asst. Dist. Atty., for Com.

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Before WILKINS, NOLAN, LYNCH and GREANEY, JJ.

[418 Mass. 144] NOLAN, Justice.

The defendant was indicted, tried, and found guilty of murder in the first degree. The defendant's motion for a new trial was denied. There was no error. We review his conviction pursuant to G.L. c. 278, § 33E (1992 ed.), and we leave it undisturbed.

A jury were warranted in finding that Scott Gomes, the victim, was attacked and stabbed to death by a group of young men in the Roxbury section of Boston on May 22, 1989. Dana Fisher was driving his Suzuki Sidekick vehicle on Normandy Street in Roxbury when the defendant called out Fisher's name and asked for a ride to Dale Street, the location of which Fisher was uncertain. The defendant said that he would show Fisher the way. Fisher agreed and the defendant, with several other men, climbed into the vehicle. The defendant sat in the front passenger seat and directed Fisher to stop on Dale Street near Washington Street. One of the men in the back seat yelled, "There's Scottie." Thereupon, all the men except Fisher, the driver, jumped out of the vehicle and ran in the direction of Dale and Regent Streets where Scott Gomes was talking to a man called "Deek." A man named Tony Murrell, standing near Scott Gomes, saw the vehicle with "about eight" men in it and the defendant in the front passenger seat.

When Gomes saw the vehicle, he began to run and the men who had jumped from the vehicle pursued him up Dale Street toward Washington Park. While running, the men were "flicking knives out." The defendant was leading the charge with a knife in his hand. They captured Gomes, stabbed him repeatedly and ran off, leaving Gomes "covered in blood." The defendant and the other men were observed "making little cheering noises" after the attack with knives still in their hands. There was blood on the defendant's knife after the attack.

The autopsy revealed a knife wound to the chest, piercing the heart and seven other knife wounds, two shallow wounds to the back and thigh and five defensive wounds to the hands.

We shall address each of the defendant's claims of error.

[418 Mass. 145] [1] 1. Identification procedure. The defendant claims error in the identification procedure. The judge was warranted in finding that

there was nothing suggestive in the photographic identification by Fisher who saw the defendant on the day of the murder, drove him to the area of the attack, had known the defendant about one year and "knew him to recognize him." Fisher recognized and identified a photograph of the defendant from an array in a photograph book at the police station shortly after the day of the murder. No one directed his attention to the defendant's photograph.

[2] The judge was also warranted in concluding that the selection of the defendant's photograph from an array at the police station by other witnesses was similarly untainted and that the courtroom identification by witnesses was untainted. During voir dire, the identification witnesses picked the defendant out from among several spectators. The trial judge, who heard the motion for a new trial, noted that the defendant, who is a black male, was scated in the rear of the courtroom where there were several black males among the spectators.

Great precaution was taken to provide for a fair identification. The judge was warranted in concluding that the defendant failed to demonstrate any suggestiveness. See *Commonwealth* *914. v. Holland, 410 Mass. 248, 253, 571 N.E.2d 625 (1991) To view preceding link please click here, and cases cited.

The defendant's motion for a new trial was based on the same arguments of suggestiveness. For the same reasons, we hold that there was no error in the denial of the motion for a new trial.

- [3] 2. Ineffective assistance of counsel. The defendant argues that trial counsel's closing argument concerning the impact of the testimony of a Commonwealth witness was ineffective. There is no merit to this argument because trial counsel tried valiantly to discredit the witness, pointing out weaknesses in his testimony, his criminal record, drug use, and favorable treatment by police.
- [4] There is no merit to the defendant's assertion that trial counsel in his closing argument suggested a lower burden of [418 Mass. 146] proof than proof beyond a reasonable doubt. Nor was trial counsel ineffective in not requesting a self-defense instruction where the evidence did not suggest even a hint of it. See Commonwealth v. Blake, 409 Mass. 146, 158, 564 N.E.2d 1006 (1991), and cases cited.

All other arguments of ineffective assistance of counsel are similarly without merit.

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- [5] 3. Joint venture. The evidence points unequivocally to the fact that the defendant was the leader of the gang that murdered Gomes. The jury were warranted in finding a joint venture.
- 4. Supplemental instructions. The defendant did not object to the judge's supplemental instructions to the jury, see Commonwealth v. Colon-Cruz, 408 Mass. 533, 559-560, 562 N.E.2d 797 (1990), nor raise the question in his motion for a new trial, see Commonwealth v. McLaughlin, 364 Mass. 211, 229, 303 N.E.2d 338 (1973). Furthermore, the judge's supplemental instructions were clearly correct on the question of the difference between murder in the first

degree and murder in the second degree.

- 5. Supplementation of the record. There is no authority to support the defendant's claim that the judge should have supplemented the record.
- 6. Statutory review. There is nothing in the record of this case which persuades us to grant relief under G.L. c. 278, § 33E.

Judgment affirmed.

Order denying motion for a new trial affirmed.